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Reg. No.:						

Question Paper Code: 40034

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL/MAY 2018

Second Semester

Biomedical Engineering

EC8251 - CIRCUIT ANALYSIS

(Common to : Electronics and Communication Engineering/Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering/Medical Electronics Engineering) (Regulations 2017)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL questions

PART - A

(10×2=20 Marks)

- 1. Define oriented graph.
- 2. Define Kirchoff's voltage law.
- 3. Determine the current flow through the capacitor shown in Figure 3.

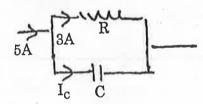


Figure 3

4. Draw equivalent delta circuit shown in Figure 4.

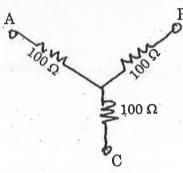


Figure 4

5. A coil of 20 Ohm resistance and inductance of 0.2H is connected in parallel with $100\mu F$ capacitor. Calculate the frequency at which the circuit will act as non-inductive resistance of 'R'. Find also the value of 'R'.

6. Find overall inductance of the circuit shown in Figure 6.

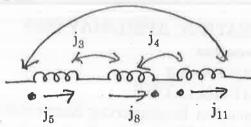
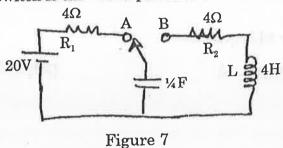


Figure 6

7. The switch 'S' is shown in Figure 7 is thrown to position 'A' at t = 0. At t = 1 second, the switch is thrown to position 'B'. Find the voltage across the capacitor for t= 1sec.



8. Find the value of i(o) and di/dt for the circuit shown in Figure 8.

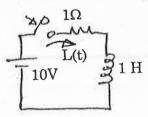


Figure 8

- 9. Define ABCD parameters.
- 10. Draw the h-parameter model.

PART - B

(5×13=65 Marks)

11. a) i) For the resistive network shown in Figure 11. a. (i) set up the tie-set matrix **(5)** and obtain KVL equations.

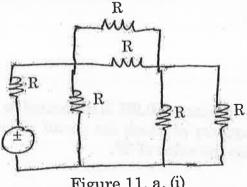


Figure 11. a. (i)



ii) Find the expression for the time-domain currents i2 and i2 in the circuit given (8) in Figure 11. a. (ii).

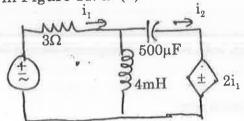


Figure 11. a. (ii)

(OR) b) i) Find the three node voltages in the circuit of Figure 11. b. (i).



(8)

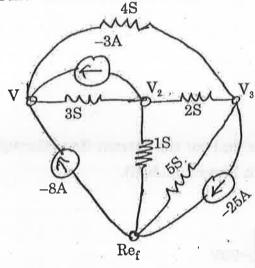


Figure 11. b. (i)

ii) Obtain the cutest matrix for the following network shown in Figure 11. b. (ii).

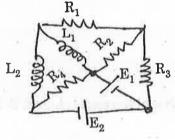


Figure 11. b. (ii)

200V

12. a) i) Determine the current through the load resistance of 8Ω in the circuit shown in Figure 12. a. (i). using Norton's theorem.

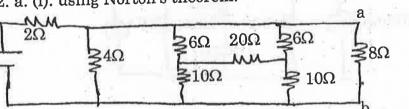


Figure 12. a. (i)



(5)

(7)

(6)

ii) Find the value of Z_L (vide Figure 12. a. (ii)) for the Maximum Power transfer to it if (x) Z_L is the pure resistance

(y) $Z_{\rm L}$ is the complex impedance with both real and imaginary elements as variable

Determine Maximum Power transfer in each case.

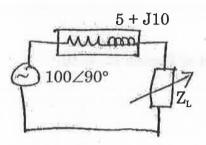


Figure 12. a. (ii)

(OR)

b) i) Apply Super Position Principle to find out the current flows through 2Ω resistance for the circuit shown in Figure 12. b. (i).

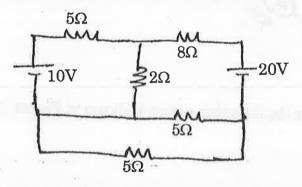


Figure 12. b. (i)

ii) Use Millman's theorem to calculate the voltage between A and B for the circuit shown in Figure 12. b. (ii).

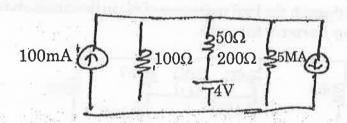


Figure 12. b. (ii)



13. a) i) Determine the resonant frequency of LC parallel circuit shown in Figure 13. a. (i). (9)

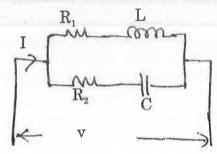


Figure 13. a. (i).

ii) A series RLC circuit with Q = 250 resonance at 1.5 MHz. Find the bandwidth and its half power frequencies. (4)

(OR)

b) i) Determine the overall inductance of the two coils connected in parallel (Vide Figure 13. b. (i).) Assume M#1.

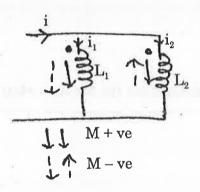


Figure 13. b. (i)

ii) Calculate I_2 for which I_1 will be zero in the circuit shown in Figure 13. b. (ii).

Also calculate V_2 for this condition. (5)

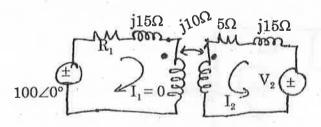


Figure 13. b. (ii)

(7)

(6)

14. a) i) Steady state condition for the circuit in Figure 14. a. (i). was established with the switch 'K' is closed. At t = 0, the switch 'K' is opened. Find i(t).

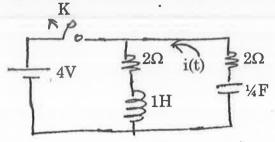


Figure 14. a. (i)

ii) The circuit shown in Figure 14. a. (ii). was initially in steady state with switch in position – A at t=0. The switch goes from 'A' to 'B' at t>0. Find an expression for voltage V_0 for t>0. Initial current in the inductor $L_2=0$.

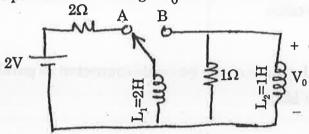


Figure 14. a. (ii) (OR)

b) i) For the circuit shown in Figure 14.b. (i)., determine i(t) for unit step function.

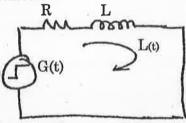
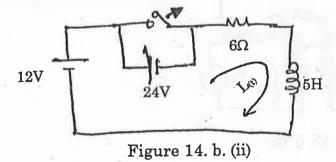


Figure 14.b. (i)

ii) Find the current in the circuit shown in Figure 14. b. (ii). at any instant after opening the switch. The current through the inductor was 1A just before opening of the switch.



(7)

(6)

Figure 15. a. (i)

 1Ω

ii) Determine the 'y' parameters of the circuit shown in Figure 15. a. (ii). (7)

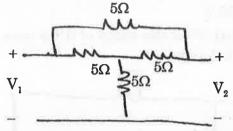


Figure 15. a. (ii)

(OR)

b) i) Find the 'h' parameters for the circuit shown in Figure 15. b. (i). (5)

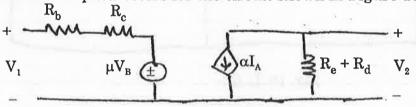


Figure 15. b. (i)

ii) Two transmission lines with parameters $A_1B_1C_1D_1$ and $A_2B_2C_2D_2$ are connected in series. Find overall parameters of the series connected system.

(8) (1×15=15 Marks)

16. a) Use the technique of mesh analysis to evaluate the three unknown mesh current shown in Figure 16 (a). (15)

PART - C

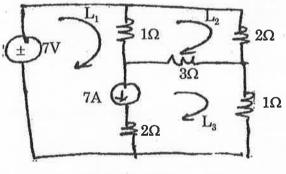


Figure 16 (a) (OR)

(8)

(7)

b) i) Calculate the current in the 4Ω resistor in the given Fig. 16. b. using superpositition theorem.

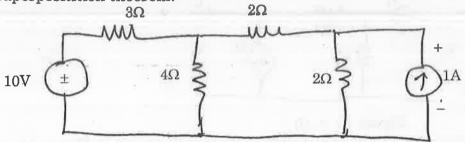


Fig. 16. b

ii) For the circuit given in Fig. 16. b. (ii). Find the value of R for max power transfer. Also calculate the maximum power.

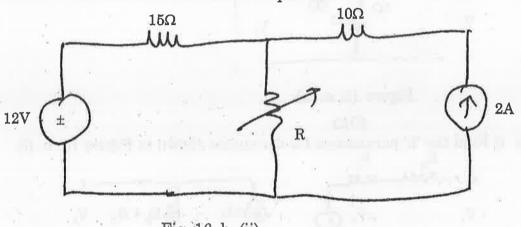


Fig. 16. b. (ii)